



CATEGORIES OF ELIGIBILITY

- 1. Unconditional (C1) (Unrestricted use)**
The applicant is determined unable to ever independently use MAX Fixed Route bus service, even with training.
- 2. Transitional**
The applicant is determined able to learn to use MAX fixed route bus service with training, or if the disability is temporary in nature.
- 3. Conditional (C3) (Restricted Use)**
The applicant can use MAX fixed route bus service sometimes, but may require Paratransit in special circumstances with the interaction of the individual's disability and the environment or a special circumstance create a barrier to independent use of MAX fix route bus service for a particular stop.
- 4. Not Eligible**
You appear to have the functional ability to board, ride, disembark, and navigate accessible bus service.

If you do not agree with any eligibility determination, you have the right to appeal within 60 days.

Examples of types of professionals who can assess the functional capabilities of individuals to use fixed route transit services include:

Clinical Social Workers: Persons who provide psychiatric social work assistance to mentally or emotionally disturbed patients of hospitals, clinics, or other medical centers, and to their families. Will investigate case situations and present information to a psychiatrist. Help patients to respond constructively to treatment and assist in adjustment leading to and following treatment. Serve as link between patients, psychiatric agency, and community. Usually required to have knowledge and skill in casework methods acquired through degree program at school of social work.

Independent Living Specialist: Individuals who work with independent living programs or centers to provide special educational and training to persons with disabilities in the performance of all or most activities of daily living.

Occupational Therapists: Persons who use purposeful activity to treat individuals who are limited by physical injury or illness, psychosocial dysfunction, developmental or learning disabilities, poverty and cultural differences, or the aging process to maximize independence, prevent disability, and maintain health.

Psychiatrist: Physicians who test the physical functioning of a person and supervise the person's rehabilitation program.

Physical Therapists: A person who is licensed to assist in the examination, testing, and treatment of persons with disabilities through the use of special exercise, or other techniques.

Rehabilitation Specialists: Persons who assist individuals in regaining normal or near normal functional capabilities after a disabling disease, injury, addiction or incarceration.

Professionals that can assist in verifying the nature and extent of disabilities include:

Audiologists: Persons who specialize in the physiological, anatomy, and pathology of the ear and the diagnosis and treatment of disorders of the ear.

Ophthalmologists: Physician who specialize in the physiology, anatomy, and pathology of the eye and the diagnosis and treatment of disorders of the eye.

Physician: Health professional who have earned a degree of doctor of Medicine (M.D.) after completing an approved course of study at an approved medical school. Physicians can be trained in general medical practice or in specialized areas of medicine.

Psychologists: Persons who specialize in the study of the structure and function of the brain and related medical processes. A clinical psychologist is one who is qualified by graduate degree in psychology and training in clinical psychology and who provides testing and counseling service to patients with mental and emotional disorders.

Registered Nurse: A professional nurse who has completed a course of study at a state approved school of nursing and passed the National Council Licensure Examination.